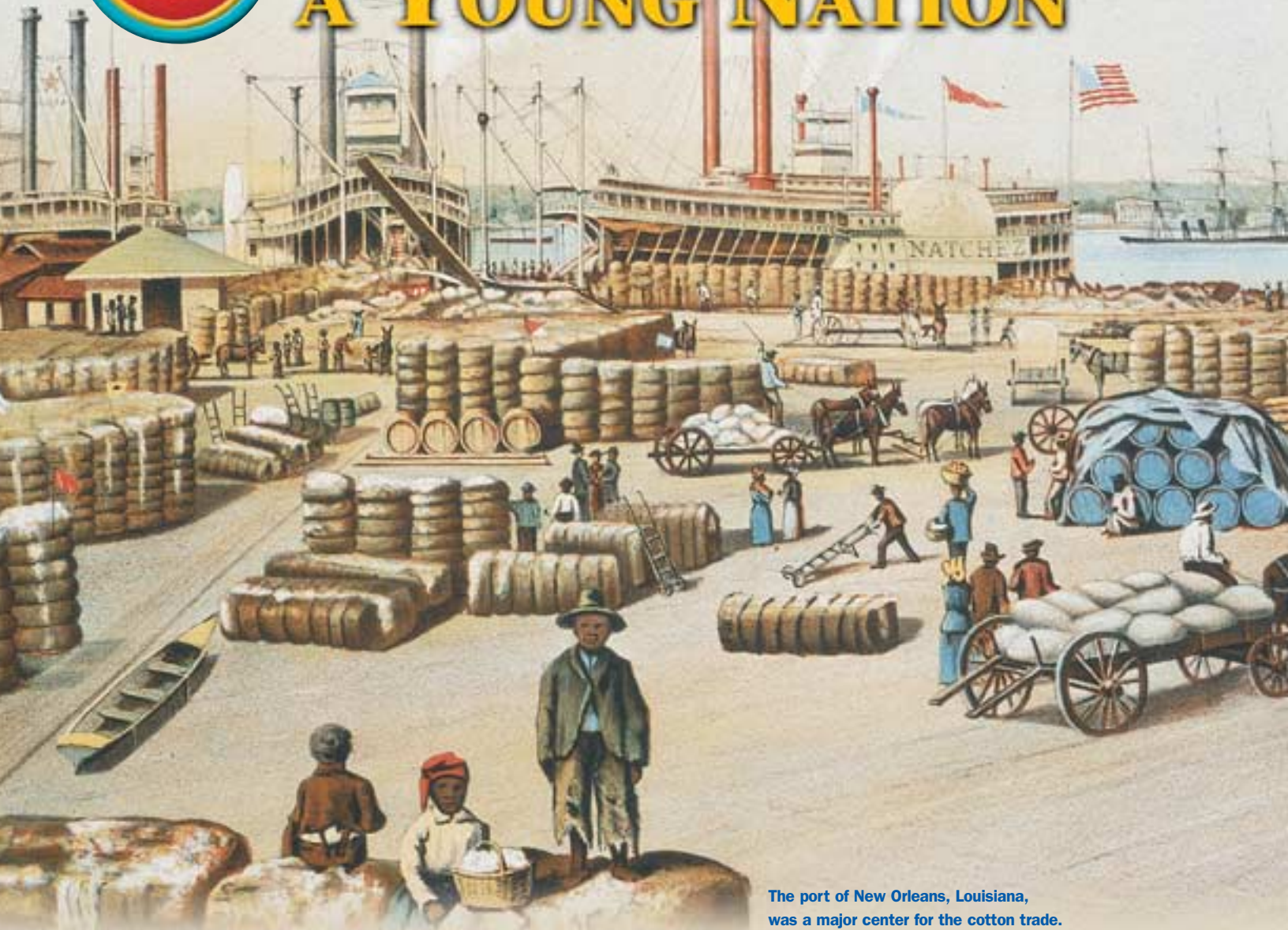


THE GROWTH OF A YOUNG NATION



The port of New Orleans, Louisiana, was a major center for the cotton trade.

1803 The United States purchases the Louisiana Territory from France.



1814 The Treaty of Ghent is signed, ending the War of 1812.

1820 Congress passes the Missouri Compromise.

USA
WORLD

1800

1810

1820



1802 Toussaint L'Ouverture defeats French forces sent to recapture Saint Domingue (Haiti).

1810 Mexican War of Independence begins.

1815 Napoleon is defeated at Waterloo.



1821 Mexico wins its independence from Spain.

PRESIDENTS

1800: Thomas Jefferson

1804: Thomas Jefferson

1808: James Madison

1812: James Madison

1816: James Monroe

1820: James Monroe

1824: John Quincy Adams

1828: Andrew Jackson



INTERACT WITH HISTORY

The year is 1828. You are a senator from a Southern state. Congress has just passed a high tax on imported cloth and iron in order to protect Northern industry. The tax will raise the cost of these goods in the South and will cause Britain to buy less cotton. Southern states intend to ignore such federal laws that they consider unfair.

Would you support the federal or your state government?

Examine the Issues

- What might happen if some states enforce laws and others don't?
- How can Congress address the needs of different states?
- What does it mean to be a nation?



RESEARCH LINKS CLASSZONE.COM

Visit the Chapter 3 links for more information about The Growth of a Young Nation.



1831 William Lloyd Garrison publishes *The Liberator*.

1836 Texas establishes itself as a republic, with Sam Houston as its first president.

1838-39 Native Americans are relocated in the Trail of Tears.



1844 Samuel Morse sends first telegraph message.

1846 The war with Mexico begins.

1848 Woman's rights convention held at Seneca Falls, New York.



1830

1840

1850

1833 Great Britain abolishes slavery in the empire.

1837 Victoria becomes queen of England.

1845 The Great Potato Famine begins in Ireland.

1848 Karl Marx's *The Communist Manifesto* is published.

1832: Andrew Jackson

1836: Martin Van Buren

1840: William Henry Harrison

1841: John Tyler (William Henry Harrison dies)

1844: James K. Polk

1848: Zachary Taylor

1850: Millard Fillmore (Zachary Taylor dies)